117th CONGRESS 1st Session



To provide access to reliable, clean, and drinkable water on Tribal lands, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. BENNET (for himself and Mr. HEINRICH) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

### A BILL

To provide access to reliable, clean, and drinkable water on Tribal lands, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Tribal Access to Clean

5 Water Act of 2021".

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds that—

8 (1) access to reliable, clean, and drinkable
9 water is an essential human need and critical to the
10 public health, well-being, educational attainment,

1	and economic development of all communities in the
2	United States;
3	(2) many countries, along with the United Na-
4	tions, have recognized the urgency of the need to ac-
5	cess reliable, clean, and drinkable water by passing
6	laws or resolutions relating to the human right to
7	water and sanitation, including—
8	(A) recognizing these water and sanitation
9	needs exist among Indigenous peoples; and
10	(B) establishing aggressive targets for
11	achieving universal access to those basic serv-
12	ices;
13	(3) in the United States, access to reliable,
14	clean, and drinkable water has long been a signifi-
15	cant problem in many Native communities, such that
16	nearly half of all households in those communities do
17	not have access to reliable water sources, clean
18	drinking water, or basic sanitation, and are signifi-
19	cantly more likely than White households to lack in-
20	door plumbing;
21	(4) the trust responsibility of the Federal Gov-
22	ernment to Indian Tribes requires the Federal Gov-
23	ernment to ensure the survival and welfare of Indian
24	Tribes, and the failure to provide basic water service
25	cannot be reconciled with that trust responsibility;

1	(5) the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has had
2	a disproportionate impact on Native communities
3	due to a multitude of factors, including—
4	(A) persistent economic disadvantages;
5	(B) racial inequity; and
6	(C) lack of public health infrastructure, in-
7	cluding access to running water;
8	(6) on January 27, 2021, President Biden
9	issued Executive Order 14008 (86 Fed. Reg. 7619
10	(February 1, 2021)), which provides that it is the
11	policy of the Biden Administration to secure envi-
12	ronmental justice and spur economic opportunity for
13	disadvantaged communities that have been histori-
14	cally marginalized and overburdened by pollution
15	and underinvestment in housing, transportation,
16	water and wastewater infrastructure, and health
17	care;
18	(7) advances in water technology, including
19	treatment, sensors, and innovative pipeline mate-
20	rials, can assist in—
21	(A) accelerating efforts to provide uni-
22	versal access to reliable, clean, and drinkable
23	water for all Native communities; and
24	(B) enhancing resilience in the face of cli-
25	mate change;

1 (8) the COVID-19 pandemic has been a stark 2 reminder that access to reliable, clean, and drinkable 3 water to support basic hygiene is a matter of life or 4 death for all individuals in the United States; 5 (9) it is in the interest of the United States, 6 and it is the policy of the United States, that all ex-7 isting Native communities be provided with safe and 8 adequate water supply systems as soon as prac-9 ticable; and 10 (10) both appropriate funding at the level of 11 unmet need and a "whole of government" approach 12 among all Federal agencies are essential to provide 13 a meaningful solution to the lack of access to clean 14 water on Tribal lands. 15 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.** 16 In this Act: 17 (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means 18 the Director of the Indian Health Service. 19 (2) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe" 20 has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the 21 Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance 22 Act (25 U.S.C. 5304). 23 (3) NATIVE COMMUNITY.—The term "Native 24 community" means-25 (A) an Indian Tribe; and

1	(B) a Native Hawaiian (as defined in sec-
2	tion 801 of the Native American Housing As-
3	sistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996
4	(25 U.S.C. 4221)) community.
5	(4) REPORT.—The term "Report" means the
6	most recent annual report required to be submitted
7	by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to
8	the President under section 302(g) of the Indian
9	Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1632(g)).
10	(5) TRIBAL LAND.—The term "Tribal land"
11	means—
12	(A) any land located within the boundaries
13	of—
14	(i) an Indian reservation, pueblo, or
15	rancheria; or
16	(ii) a former reservation within Okla-
17	homa;
18	(B) any land not located within the bound-
19	aries of an Indian reservation, pueblo, or
20	rancheria, the title to which is held—
21	(i) in trust by the United States for
22	the benefit of an Indian Tribe or an indi-
23	vidual Indian;
24	(ii) by an Indian Tribe or an indi-
25	vidual Indian, subject to restriction against

1	alienation under laws of the United States;
2	OF
3	(iii) by a dependent Indian commu-
4	nity;
5	(C) any land located within a region estab-
6	lished pursuant to section 7(a) of the Alaska
7	Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
8	1606(a));
9	(D) Hawaiian Home Lands (as defined in
10	section 801 of the Native American Housing
11	Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996
12	(25 U.S.C. 4221)); and
13	(E) those areas or communities designated
14	by the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs of
15	the Department of the Interior that are near,
16	adjacent, or contiguous to reservations where fi-
17	nancial assistance and social service programs
18	are provided to Indians because of their status
19	as Indians.
20	SEC. 4. INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE.
21	(a) Sanitation Facilities Construction Pro-
22	gram Funding.—
23	(1) APPROPRIATION.—In addition to amounts
24	otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Sec-
25	retary of Health and Human Services, acting

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1 through the Director (referred to in this section as 2 the "Secretary"), out of amounts in the Treasury 3 not otherwise appropriated, \$3,410,000,000 for the 4 fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, to remain 5 available until expended, for all activities authorized 6 under section 302(b)(1) of the Indian Health Care 7 Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1632(b)(1)), including 8 the planning, design, construction, modernization, 9 improvement, and renovation of water, sewer, and solid waste sanitation facilities: Provided, That the 10 11 Secretary may retain up to 10 percent of the 12 amounts appropriated under this paragraph for ad-13 ministration of the Sanitation Facilities Construc-14 tion Program and related management and staffing 15 purposes.

16 (2) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding
17 funding for the planning, design, construction, mod18 ernization, improvement, and renovation of water,
19 sewer, and solid waste sanitation facilities under
20 paragraph (1), the Secretary shall prioritize sanita21 tion facilities with the highest deficiency level, as es22 tablished in the Report.

(b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FUNDING.—In addition
to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to
the Secretary, out of amounts in the Treasury not other-

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wise appropriated, \$150,000,000 for the fiscal year ending
 September 30, 2021, to remain available until expended,
 for technical assistance support in Native communities
 and for other activities authorized under section 302(b)(2)
 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C.
 1632(b)(2)).

(c) Operation and Maintenance Funding.—

8 (1) APPROPRIATION.—In addition to amounts 9 otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Sec-10 retary, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise 11 appropriated, \$500,000,000 for the fiscal year end-12 ing September 30, 2021, to remain available until 13 expended, for the operation and maintenance of 14 water facilities serving Native communities.

(2) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding
funding for the operation and maintenance of water
facilities under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
prioritize water facilities the most in need of assistance, as identified by the Operation and Maintenance Capability Ratings of the Indian Health Service.

(3) FUTURE FUNDING.—On completion of an
operation and maintenance of water facilities project
described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, for
not less than 5 years after the date on which the

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1 project is completed and to the extent to which an-2 nual appropriations are available, include the com-3 pleted project as eligible for sustained funding sup-4 port and guidance to ensure that the investments in 5 the water facilities are adequately maintained and 6 operated for the health and welfare of Native com-7 munities served, ensuring that the infrastructure in-8 vestment is protected and the intended economic 9 benefit is realized.

# 10 SEC. 5. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE RURAL DEVELOP 11 MENT.

12 (a) APPROPRIATION.—In addition to amounts other-13 wise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the "Sec-14 15 retary"), out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$500,000,000 to make grants under sec-16 17 tions 306C and 306D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926c, 1926d) to eligible enti-18 19 ties described in subsection (b) to provide for the develop-20 ment, use, and control of water (including the extension 21 or improvement of existing water supply systems) in eligi-22 ble entities the residents of which face significant health 23 risks, as determined by the Secretary, due to a significant 24 proportion of the residents of the eligible entity not having

access to, or not being served by, an adequate affordable
 water supply system.

3 (b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—An entity eligible to re4 ceive a grant using amounts appropriated by subsection
5 (a)—

6 (1) is a Native community; and

7 (2) in the case of a grant under section 306D
8 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development
9 Act (7 U.S.C. 1926d), includes a consortium formed
10 pursuant to section 325 of Public Law 105–83 (111
11 Stat. 1597).

12 (c) NO MATCHING CONTRIBUTION.—An eligible enti-13 ty shall not be required to provide any matching contribu-14 tion otherwise required by any other provision of law (in-15 cluding regulations) with respect to a grant received by 16 the eligible entity from amounts appropriated by sub-17 section (a).

(d) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding grants to
eligible entities using amounts appropriated by subsection
(a), the Secretary shall—

(1) treat members of an eligible entity in the
same manner as individuals who reside in a colonia
for purposes of subsections (a)(2)(B) and (c)(2) of
section 306C of the Consolidated Farm and Rural
Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926c); and

1 (2) award the grants without requiring an eligi-2 ble entity or the members of an eligible entity to 3 demonstrate an inability to finance the proposed 4 project-5 (A) from the resources of the eligible entity 6 or members; or 7 (B) through commercial credit. 8 (e) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION.—The Secretary 9 shall consult with the Director of the Indian Health Serv-10 ice regarding agency collaboration, project prioritization, 11 and staffing needs to ensure the amounts made available 12 under this section are used in the most effective manner 13 to promote access to water and sanitation. 14 SEC. 6. BUREAU OF RECLAMATION. 15 (a) RURAL WATER SUPPLY PROGRAM REAUTHOR-16 IZATION.— 17 (1)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 18 Section 109(a) of the Rural Water Supply Act of 19 2006 (43 U.S.C. 2408(a)) is amended by striking 20 "2016" and inserting "2031". 21 (2)TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 22 110 of the Rural Water Supply Act of 2006 (43) 23 U.S.C. 2409) is amended by striking "2016" and inserting "2031". 24

(b) BUREAU OF RECLAMATION RURAL WATER SUP PLY PROGRAM.—

3	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
4	(A) RECLAMATION STATE.—The term
5	"Reclamation State" means a State described
6	in the first section of the Act of June 17, 1902
7	(43 U.S.C. 391; 32 Stat. 388, chapter 1093).
8	(B) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
9	means the Secretary of the Interior, acting
10	through the Commissioner of Reclamation.
11	(2) Competitive grant program for tribal
12	CLEAN WATER ACCESS PROJECTS.—
13	(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—In accordance with
14	section 103 of the Rural Water Supply Act of
15	2006 (43 U.S.C. 2402), the Secretary shall es-
16	tablish a competitive grant program under
17	which an Indian Tribe shall be eligible to apply
18	for a grant from the Secretary in an amount
19	not to exceed 100 percent of the cost of plan-
20	ning, design, and construction of a project de-
21	termined by the Secretary to be eligible for
22	funding under subparagraph (B).
23	(B) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a
24	grant under subparagraph (A), a project shall,

as determined by the Secretary—

1	(i)(I) provide, increase, or enhance ac-
2	cess to safe drinking water for commu-
3	nities and households on Tribal land; or
4	(II) address public health and safety
5	concerns associated with access to safe
6	drinking water; and
7	(ii) be carried out in a Reclamation
8	State.
9	(C) Priority.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—In providing grants
11	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary
12	shall give priority to projects that meet 1
13	or more of the following criteria:
14	(I) A project that would provide
15	potable water supplies to communities
16	or households on Tribal land that do
17	not have access to running water as of
18	the date of the project application.
19	(II) A project that would address
20	an urgent and compelling public
21	health or safety concern relating to
22	access to safe drinking water for resi-
23	dents on Tribal land.
24	(III) A project that would ad-
25	dress needs identified in the Report.

1	(IV) A project that is closer to
2	being completed, or farther along in
3	planning, design, or construction, as
4	compared to other projects being con-
5	sidered for funding.
6	(V) A project that would take ad-
7	vantage of the experience and tech-
8	nical expertise of the Bureau of Rec-
9	lamation in the planning, design, and
10	construction of rural water projects,
11	particularly with respect to a project
12	that takes advantage of economies of
13	scale.
14	(VI) A project that would take
15	advantage of local or regional partner-
16	ships that complement related efforts
17	by Tribal, State, or Federal agencies
18	to enhance access to drinking water or
19	water sanitation services on Tribal
20	land.
21	(VII) A project that would lever-
22	age the resources or capabilities of
23	other Tribal, State, or Federal agen-
24	cies to accelerate planning, design,
25	and construction.

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1	(VIII) A project that would pro-
2	vide multiple benefits, including—
3	(aa) improved water supply
4	reliability;
5	(bb) public health improve-
6	ments;
7	(cc) ecosystem benefits;
8	(dd) groundwater manage-
9	ment and enhancements; and
10	(ee) water quality improve-
11	ments.
12	(ii) Consultation.—In prioritizing
13	projects for funding under clause (i), the
14	Secretary—
15	(I) shall consult with the Direc-
16	tor; and
17	(II) may coordinate funding of
18	projects under this paragraph with
19	the Director, the Administrator of the
20	Environmental Protection Agency, the
21	Secretary of Agriculture, and the head
22	of any other Federal agency in any
23	manner that the Secretary determines
24	would—

1	(aa) accelerate project plan-
2	ning, design, or construction; or
3	(bb) otherwise take advan-
4	tage of the capabilities of, and
5	resources potentially available
6	from, other Federal sources.
7	(3) FUNDING.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts
9	otherwise available, there is appropriated to the
10	Secretary, out of amounts in the Treasury not
11	otherwise appropriated, \$2,000,000,000 to
12	carry out this subsection.
13	(B) Administrative expenses; use of
14	FUNDS.—Of the amounts made available under
15	subparagraph (A), the Secretary—
16	(i) may use up to 2 percent for—
17	(I) the administration of the
18	rural water supply program estab-
19	lished under section 103 of the Rural
20	Water Supply Act of 2006 (43 U.S.C.
21	2402); and
22	(II) related management and
23	staffing expenses; and
24	(ii) of the remaining amounts, shall
25	make available—

1 (I) 50 percent for the rural water 2 supply projects described in the report 3 of the Bureau of Reclamation entitled 4 "Assessment of Reclamation's Rural 5 Water Activities and Other Federal 6 Programs That Provide Support on 7 Potable Water Supplies to Rural 8 Communities in the Western United 9 States" and dated October 7, 2014, to 10 remain available until expended; and 11 (II) 50 percent to carry out the 12 competitive grant program established 13 under paragraph (2), to remain avail-14 able until expended.

15 (c) Funding for Native American Affairs 16 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE BUREAU OF 17 RECLAMATION.—In addition to amounts otherwise avail-18 able, there is appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior, 19 out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appro-20 priated, \$90,000,000 for use, in accordance with section 21 201 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations 22 Act, 2003 (43 U.S.C. 373d), for the Native American Af-23 fairs Technical Assistance Program of the Bureau of Rec-24 lamation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, 25 to remain available until expended.

## SEC. 7. DRINKING WATER AND CLEAN WATER STATE RE VOLVING FUNDS.

3 (a) APPROPRIATION.—Notwithstanding any amounts reserved under section 518(c) of the Federal Water Pollu-4 5 tion Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1377(c)) or section 1452(i)(1) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(i)(1)) 6 7 and in addition to amounts otherwise made available, 8 there is appropriated to the Administrator of the Environ-9 mental Protection Agency (referred to in this section as the "Administrator") for the fiscal year ending September 10 11 30, 2021, out of any amounts in the Treasury not other-12 wise appropriated, to remain available until expended— 13 (1) \$100,000,000 for the purposes described in 14 section 518(c)(3) of the Federal Water Pollution 15 Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1377(c)(3)); and

16 (2) \$100,000,000 for the purposes described in
17 section 1452(i) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
18 U.S.C. 300j-12(i)).

19 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—

(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Of the amounts
made available under subsection (a), the Administrator may use \$5,000,000 to provide training, technical assistance, and educational programs to Native
communities with respect to the operation and maintenance of treatment works (as defined in section
212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33)

U.S.C. 1292)) and public water systems (as defined
 in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
 U.S.C. 300f)).

4 (2) MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT COSTS.—Of
5 the amounts made available under subsection (a),
6 the Administrator may use 2 percent for the man7 agement and oversight of Native community projects
8 carried out using funds made available under that
9 subsection.

10 (c) REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) OUTREACH.—The Administrator shall increase efforts to promote Native community access
to drinking water and wastewater services to ensure
the most effective use of amounts made available
under subsection (a), including by—

16 (A) increasing direct communication with
17 Native communities to better assess the needs
18 of those Native communities;

(B) providing clear information to Native
communities with respect to funding availability; and

(C) providing an option to receive funding
under this section through a direct grant using
the amounts made available under subsection

(a) or through an interagency agreement with
 the Indian Health Service.

3 (2) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION.—In car-4 rying out this section, the Administrator shall con-5 sult with the Director regarding agency collabora-6 tion, project prioritization, and staffing needs to en-7 sure that amounts made available under subsection 8 (a) are used in the most effective manner to promote 9 Native community access to drinking water and 10 wastewater services.

(d) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Nothing in this section
affects the authority of the Administrator to transfer
funds made available under subsection (a) among the accounts for—

(1) the program established under section 518
of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
U.S.C. 1377); and

18 (2) the program established under section
19 1452(i) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
20 300j-12(i)).